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25X1A	1. USSR SLIGH OF 30 APRI	TLY MODIFIES DISARMAMENT POS L	SITION
		At a bilateral meeting on 7 Ju American delegation to the Le ment talks, Soviet delegate Z an "informal" document "just w in response to recent American s on the USSR's disarmament position orin made the following points:	ondon disarma- orin read from received" uggestions.
	prehensive	(a) The USSR continues to insagreement must specify subsequent reductions in force levels than the figure of the USSR as proposed by the US.	and more com-
	using a gene	(b) The USSR has no objection ecific categories of hardware to be caral percentage figure, but continues enditures could be cut by 15 percent ment.	ut rather than to feel that
	Zorin chara ture of thes "legalizing"	(c) Only a "complete and uncof the use of nuclear weapons will be acterized the American desire to stope weapons under adequate inspection their possession and use"a bargainment cannot be a partner."	e satisfactory. o the manufac- as simply
	Zorin show concept of a ten-month tions for an	(d) While sticking to the idea and without delay to the cessation of red some flexibility by accepting in protection temporary suspension. However, he suspension period might be used to other test series and that only a period would have meaning.	nuclear tests, inciple the US ne argued that cover prepara-
	in an inspec	(e) He reaffirmed the Soviet ction system, ground control posts wo	-
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permitted at airfields until the US and USSR force-levels were reduced well below 2,500,000.

- (f) He continued to push for troop reductions in the NATO and Warsaw Pact areas of Europe and reductions by a third of American, British, and Soviet forces in East and West Germany.
- (g) Apparently seeking to exploit differences between the United States and other NATO members on the question of a European aerial inspection zone, the Soviet delegate maintained that such a zone should be expanded rather than contracted.

In the course of the meeting, Zorin noted that the American suggestion that the subcommittee talks should be at the foreign ministers level after progress had been made "had been the subject of discussion in Moscow." He asked when such meetings should be held and what preparations should be made, and indicated Moscow felt the need for consideration of "political problems" by the great powers outside of the subcommittee. He added that the USSR's position on German reunification had not changed.

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	2.	NEW FRENCH-TUNISIAN CLASHES
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		Four clashes on 7 June between
		French and Tunisian military units,
		resulting in eight French and six
		Tunisian dead, point up the serious-
		ness of French-Tunisian tension. The French embassy
		claims that these incidents were incited by Algerian refu-
		gees aided by former members of the Tunisian fellagha,
25X1A		and that some Tunisian officials have followed a provocative course.

French military commanders strongly resent Tunisian premier Bourghiba's insistence that Tunisian approval be obtained before French troops leave their barracks. The American ambassador in Tunis believes that further serious incidents can be avoided only if France accepts Bourghiba's proposal, reiterated on 6 June, for the withdrawal of French troops to the Bizerte area where France would be permitted to maintain a base.

Comment Unusual activity by Neo-Destour youth groups since the 31 May clash in north-eastern Tunisia may indicate that the Tunisians are preparing for widespread guerrilla action against French units.

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4. RESIGNATION O	F IRAQI PRIME MINISTER NURI SAID
tain unpopular m	The resignation of Iraqi prime minister Nuri Said and his cabinet on 8 May pressages a cabinet shake-up rather than a change of government. Formation of a new cabinet may be delayed until 13 June. Nuri, who took office in December 1955, is probably attempting to lessen popular huffling ministerial posts and dropping cer- embers such as the competent minister of ation, Khalil Kanna. Nuri has relied heavily
prominent among important Shia M	American-educated, pro-Western Fadhil ive the post of foreign minister. Jamali is those who are seeking the leadership of the uslim community following the death on 6 r, Iraq's foremost Shia Muslim statesman.
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5. INDONESIA REPORTEDLY STEPPING UP EFFORTS TO OBTAIN ORBIT ASSISTANCE

	As a result of mounting economic difficulties and perhaps pressure from President Sukarno, the Indonesian government apparently feels compelled to speed up efforts to obtain assistance from the Sino-Soviet bloc. According to a Chinese Communist press report from Djakarta, the government is about to ask parliament to ratify the \$100,000,000 aid agreement signed with the Soviet Union last September.
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